

Fair to-day and probably to-morrow; light variable winds. Temperatures yesterday—Maximum, 52; minimum, 50.

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ONE CENT.

Republicans Gain Lost Ground in Maine Elections

GUBERNATORIAL RACE CLOSE

William T. Haines, Allies, Candidate, Has Slight Lead Over Democrat—Three

G. O. P. Representatives Practically Certain.

Portland, Me., Sept. 9.—A partial return at least to the normal Republican vote of Maine is indicated by the early returns to-night from to-day's election, which show, with one-third of the total poll of the State accounted for, that Maine is giving William T. Haines, the Republican candidate for Governor, approximately the same margin over Gov. Plaisted as the Governor attained two years ago over Bert M. Fernald, his Republican opponent.

Returns from the four Congressional districts also indicate the probable election of three Republican representatives, as against two at the last election. In the First district, Representative Asher C. Hinds ran ahead of his ticket and gained on the margin attained two years ago when he was the only Republican elected in the district, and is practically sure of re-election over Michael T. O'Brien.

McGILLICUDDY IN LEAD.

Representative McGillicuddy, Democrat, in the Second district, is leading slightly over William B. Skelton, Republican.

In the Third district, Forrest Goodwin, Republican, is likely to capture Representative Samuel W. Gould's seat.

In the Fourth district, Republican Representative Frank E. Guernsey is leading Charles Mullen, and probably will be elected by a small plurality.

Returns from ten of the twenty cities of the State, not including Portland, the largest, and 20 of the 500 towns give Haines a 2,000 lead over Plaisted. In the same cities and towns two years ago Plaisted carried these towns by practically the same plurality over Fernald.

These cities and towns comprise approximately one-third the total poll of the State.

LOCAL OPTIONISTS WIN IN ARKANSAS

Incomplete Returns Indicate Victory for Joe T. Robinson for Governor.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 9.—Incomplete returns from to-day's general election indicate victory for the local option forces in the State campaign against liquor. The issue was between the local option and State-wide prohibition forces. Thomas A. Wright, secretary of the local option league, is authority for the statement that prohibition has been defeated by a majority of 40,000 votes. The returns are coming in slowly by county managers for the local option contingent have kept a close eye on the election, and according to Mr. Wright there is no doubt as to the result.

Charges of fraud on the part of the prohibition forces in Little Rock and Arkansas have been made by the local option forces. In two cases it is charged outright violations of the law were committed and the accused caught red-handed.

The Democratic ticket, headed by Representative Joe T. Robinson for Governor, is conceded to have been elected, nomination being equivalent to election in Arkansas. The fate of the local option "grandfather" clause amendments is not known to-night.

A heavy colored vote was polled.

CONFIDENT OF ACQUITTAL.

Woman Charged with Murdering Husband Goes on Stand.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Confident that she will be acquitted on a plea of self-defense, Mrs. Lena Musso to-day was placed on trial on a charge of murdering her husband.

Mrs. Musso admits that she shot her husband. She says he was jealous and that he threatened her life during the night.

"It is 2 o'clock," she says her husband said and took a razor from a dresser drawer, the woman alleges.

Then, she says, she shot him.

CORONER BLAMES "VAMPIRE."

Deaths in West Hammond Resort Laid to Frankie Ford.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Coroner Peter Hoffman to-day placed the blame for the death of John Messmaker and Esther Harrison on Frankie Ford, the "vampire" woman of the West Hammond underworld.

According to the coroner, whose investigation is yet far from complete, Frankie Ford, or Mrs. Ethel Parker, who said Messmaker had died from a draft from the "death bottle," injected morphine into the arms of both victims. He believed that morphine caused their deaths. The coroner is investigating the story of other murders at West Hammond.

Found Dead in Closet.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Josephine Nemets, daughter of a wealthy Kewanna, Wis., family, was found slain to-day in a closet in her room in the Eleanor Club, a South Side home for young women. Her throat and wrists were slashed with a razor. It is believed the young woman ended her life.

BODY EXHUMED IN NEW YORK MYSTERY CASE

Orange County Officials Take Remains of Mrs. Rosa Szabo from Unmarked Grave.

AUSTRIAN MAKES CHARGES

Dr. Fischerbauer in Application to Surrogate Asks Removal of Gibson as Executor.

New York, Sept. 9.—Stripped of her wedding ring, buried only in a simple night robe, consigned in an unmarked casket to an unmarked grave in a deserted section of New York Bay cemetery, where Jersey Central train roars past constantly, the body of Mrs. Rosa Szabo was exhumed to-day by the Orange County, N. Y., authorities.

County Physician George W. King, of Hudson County, N. J., will conduct the autopsy to-morrow, assisted by Dr. Otto Schults, coroner's physician. Mrs. Szabo met her death on July 26 while boating on Greenwood Lake with Burton W. Gibson, her attorney. Following her death Gibson produced and had probated a will purporting to have been left by Mrs. Szabo in which she left her entire estate, estimated at \$100,000, to her mother, Mrs. Petronella Menschik, and appointed Gibson her executor. In an application to Surrogate Fowler, asking the removal of Gibson as executor, Dr. Fischerbauer, deputy consul general of Austria-Hungary, makes the startling accusation that Gibson knew that Mrs. Szabo's mother was dead at the time he procured a woman to pose as Mrs. Menschik, obtained from her a waiver of citizenship and had drawn a large portion of the savings from savings banks, despite the fact that there are brothers and sisters of Mrs. Szabo living in Austria, who are justly entitled to the estate.

Knew of Heirs.

It is charged Gibson knew of the existence of these heirs though he swore that there were no other heirs beside the mother, whom he caused to be impersonated, though as a matter of fact Mrs. Petronella Menschik had then been dead two years. It is further charged that Gibson concealed the death of Mrs. Szabo, saying that she had gone to Chicago, after which he sold her property, took charge of her mail, and had her trunk sent to his home in Rutherford, N. J.

Upon the strength of these charges, District Attorney Rogers, of Orange County, N. Y., where Mrs. Szabo died, has prevailed upon to start an investigation into the exact cause of Mrs. Szabo's death.

No concealment has been made of the reasons which are behind this act, and Gibson, himself, is cognizant of the nature of the proceeding which has been directed against him.

The body taken from the lowly grave in New York Bay city to-day was later positively identified as Hughes' Morgue, in Jersey City, as that of Rosa Menschik, sometimes known as Ritter.

Search for Hatpin.

The autopsy will be conducted to-morrow. What, if anything, it is expected to disclose, beside the fact of death by drowning, the Austrian official refused to disclose. But it is a significant fact that search which was begun Sunday was continued all day to-day at Greenwood Lake for the hat pin belonging to Rosa Szabo.

The question of an effective autopsy is also being anxiously discussed to-night. A body that was taken to the morgue of the body at Greenwood Lake, who brought it to the cemetery and attended to the interment.

There was a switch of undertakers at the last minute. The new undertaker has declined to say anything about the affair. Dr. King, who will direct the autopsy, said last night:

"A body that was properly embalmed will not show dissolution for a long while—years, in fact. And if dissolution has set in it will hamper materially a conclusive autopsy. This body," he added, "is in fair condition, much better, in fact, than I had expected from what I have heard, though death only occurred six weeks ago."

Whatever the autopsy shows, Dr. Fischerbauer declared to-night that in behalf of the Austrian government he will continue to insist upon justice for Mrs. Szabo.

Laws Are Different.

"I do not criticize your laws," he said, "but they are different from ours. When we have reasonable cause for suspicion cause an arrest to be made, and then we say to the prisoner, 'Prove your innocence.'"

Dr. Fischerbauer announced, moreover, that so far as the will case is concerned he has a perfect case, and he expects to have Gibson removed as executor of Mrs. Szabo's estate.

"I have received to-day," he said, "cables of the greatest importance from my government."

He declared to make these public, but it is understood that a perfect case has been made out by the Austrian government, showing that Mrs. Menschik, mother of Mrs. Szabo, died in February, 1910, and that any person who represented herself as Mrs. Menschik on the probate of the will of Mrs. Szabo in July, 1912, was necessarily an impostor.

"BUGS" RAYMOND, FAMOUS PITCHER, VICTIM OF ASSAULT.

ALLEGED MURDERER HELD

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Arthur L. Raymond, known to thousands of baseball fans as "Bugs" Raymond, erstwhile famous National League pitcher, died as a result of a brutal assault, according to evidence gathered by Coroner Hoffman to-day.

Raymond was arrested, charged with being responsible for the death of a post mortem examination showed that Raymond's skull had been fractured and that a cerebral hemorrhage had preceded death. The former baseball star was found dead in the Hotel Velez Saturday night and was believed to have died of heart failure, superinduced by heat.

Charles, when arrested, admitted having attacked and beaten Raymond a week ago last Sunday while the two were attending an amateur ball game. He is said to have kicked Raymond repeatedly in the head.

ONE LEG BETWEEN THEM.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 9.—On recovering from the effects of ether after his leg had been amputated, Peter Walter looked over to the adjoining cot and saw his son, who had just lost two legs in a railroad accident.

NEWARK DEATH LIST NOW SEVEN

One More Victim Added to Motor-drome Horror—Three More Are Dying.

STRICKEN RELATIVES SEARCH MORGUES AND HOSPITALS

Sunday Accident May Mean End of Motorcycle Racing in East. Investigations in Progress.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 9.—Another death to-day brought the list of fatalities in the Vallisburg motor-drome accident up to seven. Three others are still lying at the point of death. Some predict that still another death was sounded by the fatal crash of Eddie Hasha's motorcycle into the packed bleachers—the doom of the motorcycle racing game.

While stricken parents were discovering in morgue or hospital the young boys who were cut down by the rider.

There were almost as many persons inside the building when the Governor entered as greeted him later outside. Both speeches were attacks on the tariff.

This was the first appearance of the Democratic candidate as a campaign speaker in New York. In his speech inside the "Chamber of Horrors," he laughingly declared that he was one of the exhibitors, and, after getting the crowd in a good humor, proceeded to lambast the tariff as follows:

"If, in spite of the fact that every American manufacturer has his industry heavily taxed by the tariff levied on the things he uses, he can nevertheless sell the produce cheaper abroad than he can sell it here, what does it mean? It means that in spite of the tariff he is doing what without the tariff he could do at a greater advantage still."

Are Hampering Industry.

"If he can undersell the foreign man now by 10 per cent, he might conceivably undersell him by 30 or 40 per cent. We are depriving ourselves of the markets of the world by laying a burden on American industry. That is what I want you to understand."

"I would hesitate to advise radical reductions in our tariff schedule, if I thought these radical reductions were going to interfere with the prosperity of the average man in America. But I don't. I believe they are going to double and triple his prosperity. We are hampering our industry at the very time it is planning to be let free. American industry is now in a strait-jacket, and some force is going to break that restraint."

"Are we going to keep on fooling ourselves forever? What I am fighting for in this, as in everything else, is liberty. I want these men to take their grip off of American industry. I want to have it set free. I want to have it free to master the markets of the world as it will."

Wilson's speech in the open consisted of the same ideas on the tariff, only differently worded. Both addresses were received with cheers.

Speaks at Press Club.

To-night the candidate was the guest of the New York Press Club at a banquet given in his honor. He spoke at length on the present political situation in the United States and the practical needs of the country. Gov. Wilson said, in part:

"I have come here to-night for the purpose of discussing just as candidly as possible the political situation; and I hope that in doing so I shall do no injustice to no one. I am not one of those who believe that the right tactics in politics is to depreciate the men you are opposed to and to belittle and misrepresent the forces with which you have to contend."

"Let us consider, therefore, as the first candidate for your suffrages, the Republican party. A great many of you, perhaps a great proportion of you, have been in the habit of voting for the Republican party. I mean the old-line, stay-at-home Republican party."

"When I speak of the Republican party as a candidate for your suffrage to-night, therefore, I mean that party as represented by the men who are leading it. That is the only way I know of by which to determine its political capacity."

"Here is the old question of campaign funds: If I take \$100,000 from a group of men representing a particular interest that has a big stake in a certain schedule as half the speed on some tracks."

Continued on Page Three.

Senator Heyburn Here Under Physician's Care

Exhausted from Hard Session, Idaho Solon Suffers Physical Breakdown.

SUFFERS FROM BREAKDOWN.

Exhausted from arduous work in connection with the long session of Congress, Senator Weiden B. Heyburn, of Wallace, Idaho, is at his apartments in Stoneleigh Court, suffering from a physical breakdown.

The session was a hard one for the Senator, and toward the latter part of it he began to show signs of succumbing to the strain. When the halls of Congress closed and the Senators and Representatives began to scatter for their homes in various parts of the country the Senator from Idaho found himself physically exhausted.

Instead of starting with Mrs. Heyburn for Idaho, he returned to his apartments to recuperate. He is confined to the apartments, and is under the care of a physician. His condition is not regarded as very serious at present, although for a time much alarm was felt.

Mrs. Heyburn said last night that the Senator was rapidly recuperating, and that before long it was expected he would be in a condition to start for home. Mrs. Heyburn said that the Senator merely needed a long rest. The physician who has been in attendance was out of the city last night, and a professional statement concerning the condition of the Senator could not be obtained.

WILSON MAKES THREE SPEECHES IN NEW YORK

Democratic Candidate Talks at 'Chamber of Tariff Horrors.'

ADDRESSES PRESS CLUB

Governor Goes Into Lengthy Discussion of Existing Political Situation.

New York, Sept. 9.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson was the chief attraction at the Democratic "Chamber of Tariff Horrors" in Union Square to-day.

The Democratic Presidential candidate made two speeches, one inside the building and another, not on the programme, when a crowd of 2,000 admirers halted him in the sun outside, and forced him to hold a handshaking levee and to make speech.

There were almost as many persons inside the building when the Governor entered as greeted him later outside. Both speeches were attacks on the tariff.

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Continued on Page Three.

LOSES HER SHAPE.

Springfield, Ohio, Sept. 9.—A bolt of lightning here ripped off Mrs. Roy Foster's corset as she was at work in her kitchen. She was uninjured.

ENVOY ARRESTED ON GRAVE CHARGE

Harry E. Nolan, Recently Appointed Secretary to Legation at Panama, Taken in Custody in New York.

GIRL OF SIXTEEN WITH HIM

New York, Sept. 9.—Harry E. Nolan, thirty-five years of age and of striking appearance, who said he was a graduate of Yale, owner of a cattle ranch in the State of Washington, and recent appointee as secretary to the United States Legation in Panama, was arrested late this afternoon in the office of the Anchor Line in company with a girl of sixteen. The charge made against him at the Leonard Street station by William M. Britton, of the Old Dominion Line, is a grave one.

The girl gave her name as Marian McVickar. She said that she was married and that her husband lived at 215 Thirty-first street, New York, N. Y. She refused to make any complaint against Nolan.

The case is a mystery to the police. They report that information was obtained on Saturday from Mr. Britton to the effect that the girl had disappeared from the steamship Jefferson in dock. He said that she had been consigned by her father to the custody of a stewardess of the vessel, who was to see her safely on board an Anchor Line ship for Scotland. Nolan, according to the report, was also a passenger on the Jefferson. He met the girl; they became friendly, and, it is charged, she left the boat in his company, and they went together to the Hotel Astor, where "Harry E. Nolan and wife" appears on the registry list, according to the police.

Father Provided Ticket.

The father in Scotland had provided a ticket for the girl's transportation across the Atlantic, and it was being held for her at the Anchor Line office. The police say that a man who was charged with trying to get the ticket, but was refused. Then the girl went and tried to get the cash equivalent of the transportation.

This also was refused.

The girl, who was held for night court on a charge of vagrancy, said that she came to this country on May 15, and joined her brother, William, a wood carver, at 145 Forty-third street, New York. She said she was married on August 3 to Joseph Foster, of Newport News, and that they went to live at the address given above with a Mrs. Austin. Marian said she did not like America and did not care for her husband, so she wrote to her father that she wanted to come home. He was canny enough to send the passage to the steamship company.

Nolan is said to be the son of a wealthy real estate man in Chicago. He would say little of the charge against him, but stated that he was on his way to Washington to receive instructions as secretary to the Panama Legation. He said his home was at 2135 California street, Washington.

NOLAN RENTED APARTMENT HERE WHILE AWAITING WIFE

H. E. Nolan rented an apartment in the Lenox, 2135 California street Northwest, two or three weeks before Labor Day, saying that he expected his wife to arrive from the West on that day. Later he said that she had been delayed by the illness of her mother, and on Labor Day he left and gave up his apartment, saying that he was going to visit a sister in another city.

While in Washington, he said he was waiting for his appointment as an attaché of the American Legation in one of the Latin-American republics to be confirmed by the State Department. He spoke of having sold his ranch in the West.

NEW YORKER CHARGES

CHARLES W. MORSE WITH SECRETING HIS PROPERTY

New York, Sept. 9.—Declaring that he believes that Charles W. Morse, the former ice king, whose fifteen-year sentence was commuted by President Taft, has property secreted, M. W. Houck to-day obtained from Supreme Court Justice Delancy an order for Morse's examination as to his property on Friday. The former banker, who has opened an office at 61 Exchange Place, was also directed to transfer any of his property in the meantime.

Houck, who was represented by Rollins & Rollins, obtained a judgment against Morse in September, 1908, for \$23,523, and he states that the execution was returned by the Sheriff unsatisfied. No part of the money, he claims, has been paid since.

RIGHTS OF CITIZENSHIP ASSURED SOCIALIST WHO FOUNDED HANFORD

Action taken by the Department of Justice yesterday practically assured rights of citizenship to Leonard Olson, the Seattle (Wash.) Socialist, whose case led to the impeachment investigation and consequent resignation of Federal Judge Hanford.

Hanford denied citizenship to Olson because he was a Socialist. The case has been appealed to the Federal Court of Appeals, but the Department yesterday agreed to a reversal of the Hanford decision, thereby eliminating a court contest.

"LUCKY" BENNINGTON FORMER PLUNGER ON RACES. RELEASED FROM ASYLUM

New York, Sept. 9.—"Lucky" Newton Bennington, the race track plunger, once estimated to be worth \$1,000,000, to-day obtained final freedom from the Middletown State Hospital for the Insane, to which he was taken two years ago.

Bennington suffered heavy losses on the turf six or seven years ago, and these are believed to have unsettled his mind. He married some years ago Beulah Taylor, an actress, and she took him to a sanatorium at Flushing, but all to no avail, and he was taken to the insane asylum. On leaving court to-day, Bennington announced that he still has about \$60,000, and is going to make himself famous again as the "Lucky" of old days.

MEXICO AFFAIRS GRADUALLY NEAR AN ACUTE STAGE

Gen. Salazar Continues to Be Source of Trouble to U. S. Interests.

TO PARALLEL REBEL LINE

American Troops Will Follow Mexican Line of March from This Side of the Border.

The Mexican situation continues critical, but dispatches received by official Washington yesterday brought no change in the status of affairs, nor were any further movements of troops ordered by the War Department.

It was learned here that the burning of railroad bridges between Douglas, Ariz., and Nacozari has made it impossible for the arms sent by the War Department to reach the large American colony at Nacozari. The War Department has ordered the arms held at Nacozari, until the situation so changes that it will be possible to get them through to Nacozari. As there are 1,000 rifles and 200,000 rounds of ammunition in this shipment, every precaution will be observed to prevent their falling into the hands of the rebels. This stock of the munitions of war, if captured by the rebels, would be a great bonanza for them. It is not believed the Federal government can at this time provide an escort strong enough effectively to guard them during their march to Nacozari.

Dispatches to the War Department confirmed previous opinion that Gen. Salazar will continue to be a source of trouble to the American forces on the border until he is routed or until the American forces are present in sufficient numbers to deter him from crossing the line or sending any raiding parties into Arizona or Texas. Officers have learned that he is endeavoring to cross the border, as well as in Mexico, just as long as he is able to do so and to the limit of his ability to destroy and starve.

Discredit Salazar's Friendship.

Lieut. Boone, Johnson, and Wagner had a conference with Gen. Salazar at the border Sunday, following the attempt of a rebel raiding party to cross the line and loot a small store at Langua. Gen. Salazar expressed the greatest friendship for Americans, and declared that if he had been with his command at the time the running fight between his men and United States cavalrymen near Culberson, Tex., would have been prevented. His professions of friendship and good faith, however, were not credited by the United States officers, however.

Salazar has with him about 600 men, well mounted, armed, and equipped. He has a few horses, and one or two machine guns. Despite the fact that the Nacozari Railway Company paid a rebel band liberally to go away from Nacozari, Gen. Salazar intends, it is stated, to march upon that town.

The American officers have now hit upon the scheme of paralleling Salazar's march on this side of the border. Thus, it is believed, it will henceforth always be possible to keep the rebel forces who attempt to cross into the United States hereafter, also the American troops will be kept in considerable numbers at desirable locations, with accounts covering the intervening stretches. The accounts, it is anticipated, will quickly learn of any raiding parties and communicate promptly with the nearest United States force.

Situation Growing Worse.

Dispatches to the State Department indicate that the general situation is growing worse. The Zapatistas, it is reported, are beginning to concentrate their forces in the Southern states, and an advance upon Mexico City is said to be their plan. Conditions are going from bad to worse. The Mexican government is sending more soldiers into Sonora, and already has succeeded in getting a garrison into Cananea.

In addition to the largest copper mining centers in the world, was formed.

Continued on Page Five.

MAY FIND MOTIVE FOR WOMAN'S DEATH

New York Appraisers Record Shows Estate of Clara Bloodgood Laimber Was Insolvent.

New York, Sept. 9.—A possible motive for the suicide of Clara Bloodgood Laimber, the handsome actress who shot herself in Baltimore, December 6, 1907, may be found in the appraisers' report to-day in the Hall of

record shows that at the time of her death Mrs. Laimber was insolvent. Her estate, however, is not insolvent at present, because it inherited from the estate of Daniel C. Kingsland \$25,462 after her death.

At the time of Mrs. Laimber's death she owed \$25,225. She had started in "truth," and had guaranteed the Shuberts against loss for this production. The report shows that the play was a failure for her. The Shuberts sued for \$4,000, but settled the claim out of court for \$1,500.

In addition to this there were many gowns, purchased on credit by the actress, which were not paid for at the time of her death. One of the most expensive gowns was bought for \$2,400 from Mrs. Osborne's company. She owed the Liebenstein Millinery Company \$1,130. From Clyde Fitch's estate the Laimber estate has received \$1,500. This was money paid by Mrs. Laimber, an advance on a play which Mr. Fitch did not have time to complete before his death. His executors returned the cash to Mrs. Laimber's executor.

After payment of all debts and administrative expenses there is left a net estate of \$21,500. Of this amount William Laimber, husband of the deceased, will receive \$15,000. The other \$6,500 will be distributed among other relatives. Mrs. Laimber owned 100 shares of Alaska Gold Mine stock that is considered worthless. She owned 100 shares of Union Pacific stock and 100 shares of Baltimore and Ohio. She also owned a small equity in a house in Fifty-ninth Street.



SENATOR W. B. HEYBURN.